

Table of Nations – Genesis 10

The Japhethites [a]: Gomer, Javan, Magog, Madai, , Tubal, Meshek and Tiras

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| Gomer | Javan | Magog, Madai, , Tubal, Meshek and Tiras |
| Ashkenaz, Riphath and Togarmah | Elishah, Tarshish, the Kittites and the Rodanites.[b] (From these the maritime peoples spread out into their territories by their clans within their nations, each with its own language.) | No descendants listed in Genesis 10 |

The Hamites – Cush, Mizraim Put and Canaan

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| Cush | | Egypt (Mizraim) | Canaan |
| Seba, Havilah, Sabtah, and Sabteka Raamah (see below), Nimrod (see below) | | Ludites, Anamites, Lehabites, Naphtuhites, Pathrusites, Kasluhites (from whom the Philistines came) and Caphtorites | Sidon his firstborn,[g] and of the Hittites, Jebusites, Amorites, Girgashites, Hivites, Arkites, Sinites, Arvadites, Zemarites and Hamathites |
| Cush was the father[c] of Nimrod, who became a mighty warrior on the earth. He was a mighty hunter before the Lord; that is why it is said, “Like Nimrod, a mighty hunter before the Lord.” | | | |
| Raamah | Nimrod | | |
| Sheba and Dedan. | The first centers of his kingdom were Babylon, Uruk, Akkad and Kalneh, in[d] Shinar.[e] From that land he went to Assyria, where he built Nineveh, Rehoboth Ir,[f] Calah and Resen, which is between Nineveh and Calah—which is the great city. | | Later the Canaanite clans scattered and the borders of Canaan reached from Sidon toward Gerar as far as Gaza, and then toward Sodom, Gomorrah, Admah and Zeboyim, as far as Lasha. |

The Semites Shem who’s older brother was [h] Japheth: Elam, Ashur, Arphaxad, Lud and Aram

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| Aram | Arphaxad | Shelah | |
| Uz, Hul, Gether and Meshek.[j] | father of[j] Shelah | Eber, Joktan | |
| | | Eber | Joktan |
| | | Peleg,[k] because in his time the earth was divided | Almodad, Sheleph, Hazarmaveth, Jerah, Hadoram, Uzal, Diklah, Obal, Abimael, Sheba, Ophir, Havilah and Jobab. The region where they lived stretched from Mesha toward Sephar, in the eastern hill country |

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| a. Genesis 10:2 Sons may mean descendants or successors or nations; also in verses 3, 4, 6, 7, 20-23, 29 and 31. | d. Genesis 10:10 Or Uruk and Akkad—all of them in |
| b. Genesis 10:4 Some manuscripts of the Masoretic Text and Samaritan Pentateuch (see also Septuagint and 1 Chron. 1:7); most manuscripts of the Masoretic Text Dodanites | e. Genesis 10:10 That is, Babylonia |
| c. Genesis 10:8 Father may mean ancestor or predecessor or founder; also in verses 13, 15, 24 and 26. | f. Genesis 10:11 Or Nineveh with its city squares |
| | g. Genesis 10:15 Or of the Sidonians, the foremost |
| | h. Genesis 10:21 Or Shem, the older brother of |
| | l Genesis 10:23 See Septuagint and 1 Chron. 1:17; Hebrew Mash. |
| | j. Genesis 10:24 Hebrew; Septuagint father of Cainan, and Cainan was the father of |
| | k. Genesis 10:25 Peleg means division. |